



Application Note

Digital Addressable Lighting Interface (DALI)

78K0 Series

8-Bit Single-Chip Microcontrollers

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES

① PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

Note:

Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

② HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note:

No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to V_{DD} or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

③ STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note:

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

This document shows how to implement a DALI (DIGITAL ADDRESSABLE LIGHTING INTERFACE) sub-unit on a general purpose NEC microcontroller. Furthermore, it illustrates the communication protocol, the hardware and the software which is used to control a lamp. In this case, the μ PD78F0148H on the demo-board "Taste-it" is used with an additional PCB for the DALI-interface and the power-control of the lamp.

The main unit is done with the PC-interface DALI-SCI, the Power-supply DALI-PS1 and the Control-software WINDIM made by TRIDONIC™.

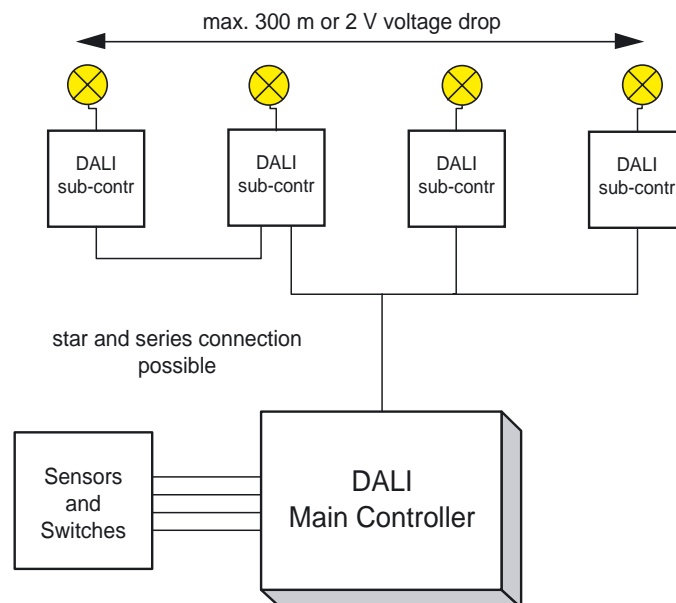
What is DALI?

DALI is an acronym and stands for "Digital Addressable Lighting Interface". It is an international standard that guarantees the exchangeability of dimmable ballast from different manufacturers. The DALI-interface has been described in the fluorescent lamp ballast standard IEC 60929 under Annex E.

DALI is the ideal, simplified, digital way of communication tailored to the needs of present day lighting technology.

It closes the gap between the analog 1-10 V interface and the more complex building management systems like EIB or LON etc.

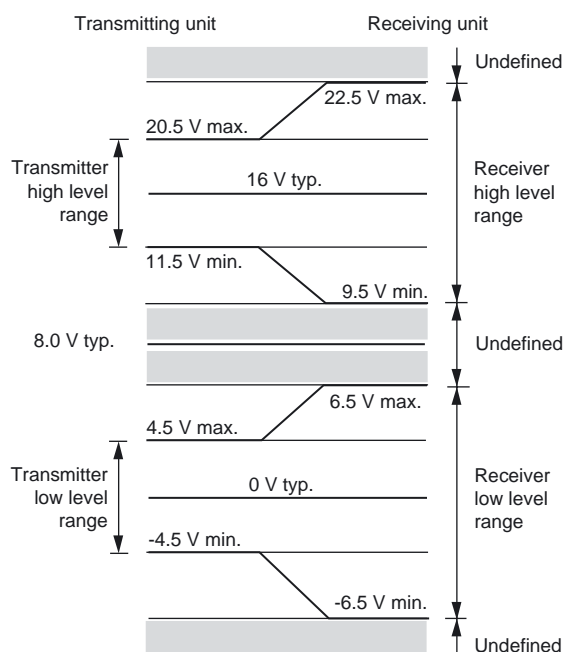
Figure 1-1: DALI Block Diagram



Chapter 2 Electrical specification

The DALI bus is a two-wire interface, the used voltage levels are shown in Figure 2-1. The bus is powered either by the main controller or by an external power-supply. The maximum supply current has to be limited to 250 mA and the current consumption of each device at the DALI-line is max. 2 mA. The communication is performed by sinking the current on the line. Due to the fact that the communication lines are galvanically separated from the mains voltage, all devices can operate on different phases.

Figure 2-1: DALI used voltage levels



2.1 Characteristics and Capability

- Standardization in IEC 60 929, so the combination of devices from different manufactures is possible.
- Slow communication speed (1200 bit/s) and wide disturbing voltage distance guarantees a secure operation.
- Manchester code used, to identify communication errors.
- Simple two-wire interface (non-polarity / potential isolated) with a max. length of 300 m between first and last unit.
 - Power-lines and control-lines can be in the same cable.
 - No terminating resistor required.
- Limited system size, 64 sub-unit can be controlled by one main-controller. Broadcast, group or single addressing possible.
- Programmable fade times, fade rates. Up to 16 scenes. Programmable levels for power-up, power-fail, system-fail etc.

2.2 The Protocol

DALI uses a Manchester encoded unidirectional serial protocol with a transmission rate of 1.2 kHz. So the bit time is 833 μ s \pm 10%.

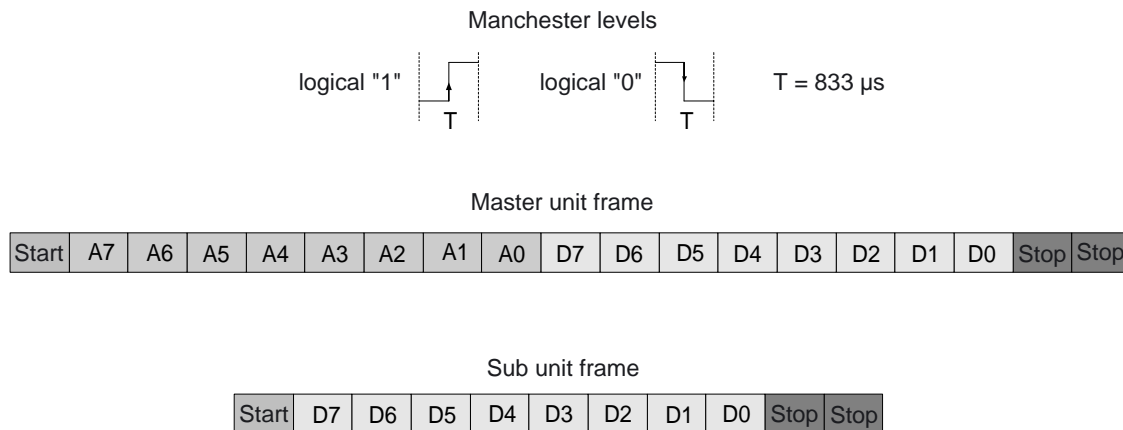
The frame of the main unit consists of 19 bits:

- 1 start-bit (logical 1)
- 8 address bits
- 8 data bits
- 2 stop bits (physical high level)

The answer frame of the sub unit consists of 11 bits:

- 1 start-bit (logical 1)
- 8 data bits
- 2 stop bits (physical high level)

Figure 2-2: DALI Protocol Configuration



To select the devices by the different addressing modes (broadcast, group, single), the following address types are used:

- Broadcast: 1111111S
- Group: 100AAAAS AAAA = 0 to 15
- Single: 0AAAAAAS AAAAAA = 0 to 63

- Special command: 101CCCC1
or: 110CCCC1 CCCC = special command number

The S distinguishes between an direct arc power command and a DALI command. If S equals 0 the following data is interpreted as a power level with a value between 0x00 (off) and 0xFE (max. power level).

In the tables on the next pages the standard and special commands are listed.

Chapter 2 Electrical specification

Table 2-1: Standard commands (1/2)

Command Number	Address	Command / Data	Command Name
-	YAAAAAA0	XXXX XXXX	DIRECT ARC POWER CONTROL
0	YAAAAAA1	00000000	OFF
1	YAAAAAA1	00000001	UP
2	YAAAAAA1	00000010	DOWN
3	YAAAAAA1	00000011	STEP UP
4	YAAAAAA1	00000100	STEP DOWN
5	YAAAAAA1	00000101	RECALL MAX LEVEL
6	YAAAAAA1	00000110	RECALL MIN LEVEL
7	YAAAAAA1	00000111	STEP DOWN AND OFF
8	YAAAAAA1	00001000	ON AND STEP UP
9-15	YAAAAAA1	00001XXX	RESERVED
16-31	YAAAAAA1	0001XXXX	GO TO SCENE
32	YAAAAAA1	00100000	RESET
33	YAAAAAA1	00100001	STORE ACTUAL LEVEL IN THE DTR
34-41	YAAAAAA1	0010XXXX	RESERVED
42	YAAAAAA1	00101010	STORE THE DTR AS MAX LEVEL
43	YAAAAAA1	00101011	STORE THE DTR AS MIN LEVEL
44	YAAAAAA1	00101100	STORE THE DTR AS SYSTEM FAILURE LEVEL
45	YAAAAAA1	00101101	STORE THE DTR AS POWER ON LEVEL
46	YAAAAAA1	00101110	STORE THE DTR AS FADE TIME
47	YAAAAAA1	00101111	STORE THE DTR AS FADE RATE
48-63	YAAAAAA1	0011XXXX	RESERVED
64-79	YAAAAAA1	0100XXXX	STORE THE DTR AS SCENE
80-95	YAAAAAA1	0101XXXX	REMOVE FROM SCENE
96-111	YAAAAAA1	0110XXXX	ADD TO GROUP
112-127	YAAAAAA1	0111XXXX	REMOVE FROM GROUP
128	YAAAAAA1	10000000	STORE DTR AS SHORT ADDRESS
129-143	YAAAAAA1	1000XXXX	RESERVED
144	YAAAAAA1	10010000	QUERY STATUS
145	YAAAAAA1	10010001	QUERY BALLAST
146	YAAAAAA1	10010010	QUERY LAMP FAILURE
147	YAAAAAA1	10010011	QUERY LAMP POWER ON
148	YAAAAAA1	10010100	QUERY LIMIT ERROR
149	YAAAAAA1	10010101	QUERY RESET STATE
150	YAAAAAA1	10010110	QUERY MISSING SHORT ADDRESS _
151	YAAAAAA1	10010111	QUERY VERSION NUMBER
152	YAAAAAA1	10011000	QUERY CONTENT DTR
153	YAAAAAA1	10011001	QUERY DEVICE TYPE
154	YAAAAAA1	10011010	QUERY PHYSICAL MINIMUM LEVEL
155	YAAAAAA1	10011011	QUERY POWER FAILURE

Chapter 2 Electrical specification

Table 2-1: Standard commands (2/2)

Command Number	Address	Command / Data	Command Name
156-159	YAAAAAA1	100111XX	RESERVED
160	YAAAAAA1	10100000	QUERY ACTUAL LEVEL
161	YAAAAAA1	10100001	QUERY MAX LEVEL
162	YAAAAAA1	10100010	QUERY MIN LEVEL
163	YAAAAAA1	10100011	QUERY POWER ON LEVEL
164	YAAAAAA1	10100100	QUERY SYSTEM FAILURE LEVEL
165	YAAAAAA1	10100101	QUERY FADE TIME / FADE RATE
166-175	YAAAAAA1	1010XXXX	RESERVED
176-191	YAAAAAA1	1011XXXX	QUERY SCENE LEVEL (SCENES 0-15)
192	YAAAAAA1	11000000	QUERY GROUPS 0-7
193	YAAAAAA1	11000001	QUERY GROUPS 8-15
194	YAAAAAA1	11000010	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (H)
195	YAAAAAA1	11000011	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (M)
196	YAAAAAA1	11000100	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (L)
197-223	YAAAAAA1	10XXXXXX	RESERVED

Table 2-2: Special Commands

Command Number	Address	Command / Data	Command Name
224-255	YAAAAAA1	11XXXXXXX	QUERY APPLICATION EXTEND. COMMANDS
256	10100001	00000000	TERMINATE
257	10100011	XXXXXXXXXX	DATA TRANSFER REGISTER (DTR)
258	10100101	XXXXXXXXXX	INITIALISE
259	10100111	00000000	RANDOMISE
260	10101001	00000000	COMPARE
261	10101011	00000000	WITHDRAW
262	10101101	00000000	RESERVED
263	10101111	00000000	RESERVED
264	10110001	HHHHHHHH	SEARCHADDRH
265	10110011	MMMMMMMM	SEARCHADDRM
266	10110101	LLLLLLLL	SEARCHADDRL
267	10110111	0AAAAAA1	PROGRAM SHORT ADDRESS
268	10111001	0AAAAAA1	VERIFY SHORT ADDRESS
269	10111011	00000000	QUERY SHORT ADDRESS
270	10111101	00000000	PHYSICAL SELECTION
271	10111111	XXXXXXXXXX	RESERVED
272	11000001	XXXXXXXXXX	ENABLE DEVICE TYPE X
273-287	110XXXX1	XXXXXXXXXX	RESERVED

Chapter 2 Electrical specification

The DTR (Data transfer register) is a temporary memory in the sub-unit to store data which is shifted to different parameters.

If an answer from the sub-unit is required, a 0xFF will be recognized as a "YES", no answer after 9.17 ms is a "NO", otherwise if data should be transmitted every value is accepted.

Every sub-unit has to store several parameters, which are listed in the table below. Most of these parameters are stored in a non-volatile memory (EEPROM or Flash) to guarantee a proper start-up after a power blackout. In this application a serial EEPROM (3-wire) is used.

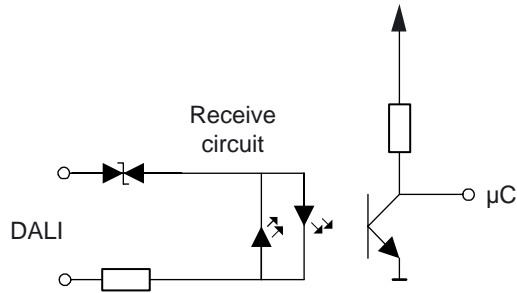
Table 2-3: DTR (Data Transfer Register) Parameters

VARIABLE	DEFAULT VALUE	RESET VALUE	RANGE OF VALIDITY	PERSISTENT MEMORY
ACTUAL DIM LEVEL	????????	254	0, min. - max	(1 byte RAM)
POWER ON LEVEL	254	254	1 -254,	1 byte
SYSTEM FAILURE LEVEL	254	254	0-255 ('MASK')	1 byte
MIN LEVEL	PHYSICAL MIN LEVEL	PHYSICAL MIN LEVEL	PHYS. MIN = MAX LEVEL	1 byte
MAX LEVEL	254	254	MIN LEVEL-254	1 byte
FADE RATE	7 (45 steps/sec)	7 (45 steps/sec)	1-15	1 byte
FADE TIME	0 no fade	0 no fade	0-15	1 byte
SHORT-ADDRESS	255 (MASK) no address	no change	0-63, 255('MASK')	1 byte
SEARCH-ADDRESS	FFFFFF	FFFFFF	000000-FFFFFF	(3 bytes RAM)
RANDOM-ADDRESS	FFFFFF	FFFFFF	000000-FFFFFF	3 bytes
GROUP 0-7	00000000 (no group)	00000000 (no group)	0-255	1 byte
GROUP 8-15	00000000 (no group)	00000000 (no group)	0-255	1 byte
SCENE 0-15	255 MASK	255 MASK	0 - 255 MASK	16 bytes
STATUS INFORMATION	????????	0?100???	0-255	(1 byte RAM)
VERSION NUMBER	factory burn-in	factory burn-in	0-255	(1 byte ROM)
PHYS.MIN. LEVEL	factory burn-in	factory burn-in	1 -254	(1 byte ROM)

Chapter 3 Examples for the receive and transmit circuit

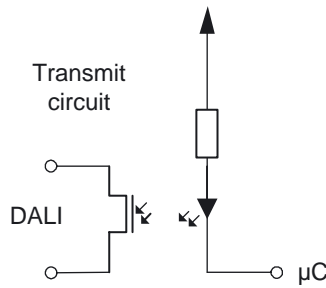
It is determined in the IEC standard, that the devices have to be protected against wrong polarity, so to make the receive circuit insensitive to the polarity an AC-opto-coupler is used. The current is limited by a resistor and a bi-directional Zener diode guarantees the voltage levels.

Figure 3-1: Receive Circuit Example



The transmit circuit consists of a high speed optical relay with low switching times, which can sink the current of 250 mA.

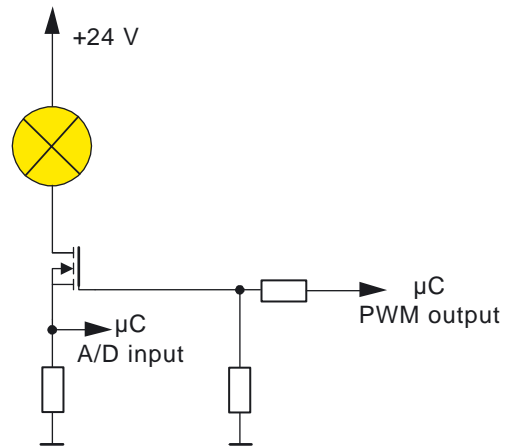
Figure 3-2: Transmit Circuit Example



Chapter 3 Examples for the receive and transmit circuit

The output circuit is a MOS-FET which is controlled by a PWM-output of the micro-controller. The current through the lamp is sensed by the voltage drop over a shunt-resistor. This voltage is measured with 1 channel of the built-in A/D-converter of the microcontroller.

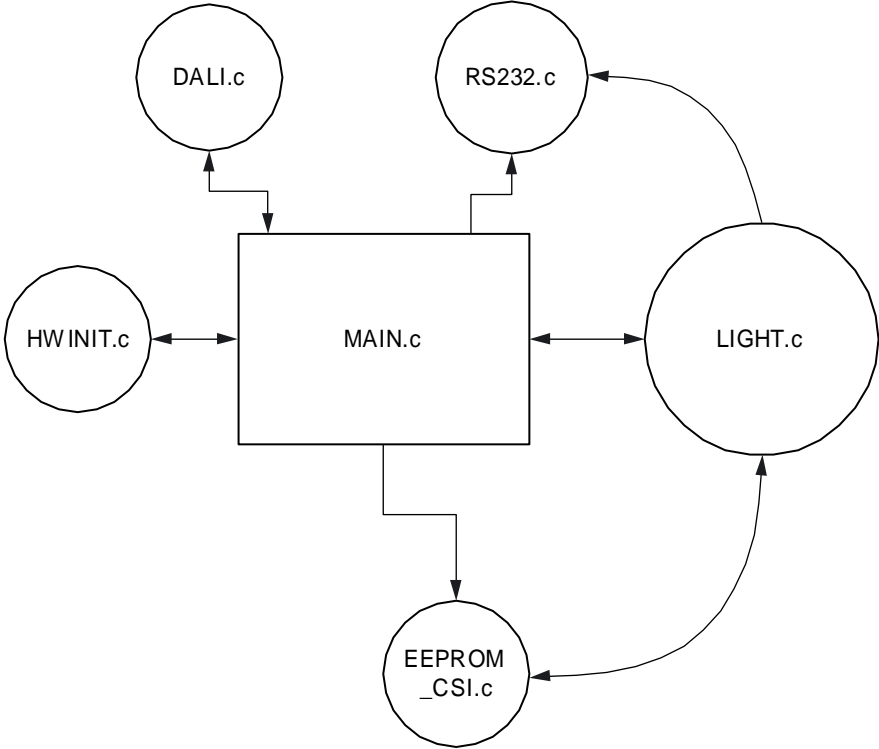
Figure 3-3: PWM Output Circuit Example



Chapter 4 Software

The software for the sub-unit is divided into functional modules. The structure is shown in the picture below. The source code is attached at the end of this document.

Figure 4-1: Software Structure



4.1 MAIN.c

This module initializes the microcontroller via the HWINIT.c module, handles the data received by the DALI-bus and will start the transmission of data if requested.

New values are copied from the shadow ram area in the EEPROM.

The complete DALI-communication is send via RS232-interface, so it can be monitored with a PC.

A terminal program will show the following messages:

Message from the main-unit with answer from another subunit:

Addr: 003

Data: 144

Answ: 004

Message from the main-unit with answer from this subunit:

Addr: 003

Data: 144

?Stat <- this shortcut shows the interpreted command, here: query status

MyAnsw: 004

4.2 RS232.c

This module contains the subroutines for the PC communication. The UART of the micro is initialized to 115200 Bd, 8 bit, 1 Stop bit and no parity. Also the decimal-conversion from byte to character is done.

4.3 DALI.c

Here all necessary routines for the DALI-communication are located. There are two interrupt service routines, one for an external interrupt to recognize the start-bit and another one from a timer to handle the bit-timing of transmission/reception and timeout of the communication. These routines can handle both ways of communication for the main unit (16bits) and for the sub-unit (8 bits).

4.4 EEPROM_CSI.c

Some small routines to initialize the CSI (3-wire serial interface) and to communicate with the external EEPROM to store the parameters.

4.5 LIGHT.c

This is the interpreter of the DALI-commands and the control of the lamp. Two timers are used one for the HW-PWM and one for controlling the communication timing and the fading of the lamp. The interpreter-module checks first if the received command is valid for this sub-unit (broadcast, group, or single address). Then it decides if this command is a direct arc-power command, a standard command or a special command and calls the required functions.

4.6 References

<http://www.tridonic.at>

http://www.dali-ag.org/b_m.htm

IEC 60 929 Appendix E (VDE0712 part 23)

Chapter 5 DALI Source Code Files

5.1 hwinit.c

```
/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = hwinit
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 27.01.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: Initialization of CPU-peripherals
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78014x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:        XLINK          Version
**
** =====
** By:           NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, CES
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

#include <in78000.h>
#include "DF0148.h"

void hwinit(void)
{
    // clock generator setting
    PCC = 0x00;          // switch with speed
    OSTC = 0x05;
    MOC = 0x00;          // start main osc.
    while (OSTC<= 0x18)
    {
        _NOP();
    }
    MCM0 = 1;           // set cpu-clock = main osc.

    // watchdog timer setting
    WDTM = 0x77;       // Watchdog off
}
```

```
// port setting
PM0 = 0xFF;          // port 0 = output
PM1 = 0xFF;          // port 1 = output
PM3 = 0xFF;          // port 3 = output
PM4 = 0xFF;          // port 4 = output
PM5 = 0xFF;          // port 5 = output
PM6 = 0xFF;          // port 6 = output
PM7 = 0xFF;          // port 7 = output
PM12 = 0xFF;         // port 12 = output
PM14 = 0xFF;         // port 14 = output
PU0 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU1 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU3 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU4 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU5 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU6 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU7 = 0x00;          // no pull up-resistors
PU12 = 0x00;         // no pull up-resistors
PU14 = 0x00;         // no pull up-resistors

ISC = 0x00;          // Input control

// interrupt setting
IF0L = 0x00;
IF0H = 0x00;
IF1L = 0x00;
MK0L = 0xFF;
MK0H = 0xFF;
MK1L = 0xFF;

// internal memory settings
IMS = 0xCF;
IXS = 0x0A;

}
```

5.2 eeprom_csi.c

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = eeprom_csi.c
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 29.01.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: EEprom_routines (CSI
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78014x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:        XLINK          Version
**
** =====
** By:           NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, EAD-TPS
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

/*
=====
** pragma
** =====
*/
#pragma language = extended

/* =====
** include
** =====
*/
#include <in78000.h>
#include "DF0148.h"

#define CSOT10 CSIM10.0
#define CS_EEP_EN P0.2 = 0
#define CS_EEP_DIS P0.2 = 1

```

```

void init_csi(void)
{
    PU1.1 = 1;
    PM1.1 = 1;           // SI
    P1.2 = 0;
    PM1.2 = 0;          // SO
    P1.0 = 1;
    PM1.0 = 0;          // SCK
    P0.2 = 0;
    PM0.2 = 0;          // CS_EEPROM
    P0.2 = 1;           // deselect EEPROM
    CSIC10 = 0x00;      // Model fx/2
    CSIM10 = 0x40;      // Receive/transmit / MSB first
    CSIM10 = 0x80;      // start CSI
}

unsigned char CHK_EEP(void)
{
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_EN;
    SOTB10 = 0x05;      // command read status
    while (CSOT10);
    SOTB10 = 0x00;      // send dummy
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_DIS;
    return SIO10;
}

void WR_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr, unsigned char eep_data)
{
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_EN;
    SOTB10 = 0x06;      // command write enable
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_DIS;
    CS_EEP_EN;
    SOTB10 = 0x02;      // command write
    while (CSOT10);
    SOTB10 = eep_addr;  // send address
    while (CSOT10);
    SOTB10 = eep_data;  // send data
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_DIS;
}

```

```
unsigned char RD_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr)
{
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_EN;
    SOTB10 = 0x03;      // command read
    while (CSOT10);
    SOTB10 = eep_addr; // send address
    while (CSOT10);
    SOTB10 = 0x00;     //send dummy
    while (CSOT10);
    CS_EEP_DIS;
    return SIO10;
}
```

5.3 rs232.c

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = rs232.c
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 29.01.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: UART0-Test
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78014x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:        XLINK          Version
**
** =====
** By:           NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, EAD-TPS
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

/*
=====
** pragma
** =====
*/
#pragma language = extended

/* =====
** include
** =====
*/
#include <in78000.h>
#include "DF0148.h"

/* constant definitions */

// transmit variables
bit transmit_ready, data_received;
extern saddr unsigned char s[4];

```

```
void rs232_init(void)
{
    //UART6 setting

    //for play it

    PM14 &= 0xFC;
    P14.0 = 0;
    P14.1 = 1;

    P1.3 = 1;
    PM1.3 = 0;
    PM1.4 = 1;
    CKSR6 = 0x00;
    BRGC6 = 0x23; // 115200 bd @8 MHz
    ASIM6 = 0x81; // Power-up UART6,error with receive-interrupt
    ASIM6 = 0xE5; // transmit/receive enable 8, n, 1
    STMK6 = 0; // transmit interrupt enable
    SRMK6 = 1; // receive interrupt disable
    transmit_ready=1;
    data_received=0;
}

interrupt [INTST6_vect] void transmit(void)
{
    transmit_ready=1;
}

interrupt [INTSR6_vect] void receive(void)
{
}

void put_one_char (char c)
{
    if (c == '\n')
    {
        while (!transmit_ready);
        transmit_ready=0;
        TXB6 = '\r';
    }
    while (!transmit_ready);
    transmit_ready=0;
    TXB6 = c;
}
```

```
void Print_String (char *s)
{
    while (*s!= '\0')
        put_one_char (*s++);
}

void bytetochar (unsigned char vari)
{
    s[0]=((vari/100)+'0');
    s[1]=(((vari/10)%10)+'0');
    s[2]=((vari%10)+'0');
    s[3]=0;
}
```

5.4 dali.c

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = dali.c
** VERSION     = 0.0
** DATE        = 29.01.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: Dali-interface routines
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78010x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:        XLINK          Version
**
** =====
** By:            NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, EAD-TPS
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

/* =====
** pragma
** =====
*/
#pragma language = extended

/* =====
** include
** =====
*/
#include <in78000.h>
#include "DF0148.h"

/* constant definitions */

#define dali_rxdir PM3.0
#define dali_rx P3.0 // must be interrupt
#define dali_int INTP1_vect
#define dali_int_mk PMK1
#define dali_int_if PIF1
#define dali_int_dirlow EGN.1
#define dali_int_dirhigh EGP.1
#define dali_int_pullup PU3.0

#define dali_txdir PM0.0
#define dali_tx P0.0

```

```
#define dali_timer_control TMC50
#define dali_timer_compare CR50
#define dali_timer_clocksel TCL50
#define dali_timer_if TMIF50
#define dali_timer_mk TMMK50
#define dali_timer_int INTTM50_vect
#define dali_timer_start TCE50
#define dali_timer_prescaler 0x05 // fx/64 = 125 kHz @ 8 MHz
#define dali_timer_initvalue 0x00
#define dali_timer_start_tick0x19 // 26 => 208 us
#define dali_timer_tick      0x33 // 52 => 416 us

bit dali_rx_status, dali_rx_bit, dali_rx_bit_previous, dali_tx_status,
dali_data_received, dali_8_bit;
saddr unsigned char dali_bit_cnt, dali_send_cnt_max, dali_byte1, dali_byte2,
dali_status, dali_err;
saddr unsigned int dali_signal_loss_cnt;

interrupt [dali_int] void dali_rx_interrupt(void)
{
    dali_int_mk = 1;
    dali_timer_start = 0;
    dali_timer_compare = dali_timer_start_tick;
    dali_timer_start = 1;
    dali_timer_mk = 0;
    dali_rx_status = 1;
    dali_status = 0;
    dali_byte1=dali_byte2=0;
    dali_bit_cnt = 0;
    dali_err = 0;
    dali_rx_bit = 0;
    dali_rx_bit_previous = 1;
    dali_data_received=0;
}
```

```
interrupt [dali_timer_int] void dali_timer(void)
{
    if (dali_rx_status)
    {
        dali_rx_bit = !dali_rx;        // signal inverted by optocoupler

        switch (dali_status)
        {
            case 0:                    // start bit low level
                if (!dali_rx_bit)
                {
                    dali_status++;
                    dali_timer_compare = dali_timer_tick;
                }
                else
                {
                    dali_err = 1; // was spike, dali error = 1
                }
                break;

            case 1:                    // start bit high level
                if (dali_rx_bit)
                {
                    dali_status++;
                }
                else
                {
                    dali_rx_status = 0;
                    dali_int_if = 0;
                    dali_int_mk = 0;
                    // dali_err = 2;
                    // low signal was too long, dali
                    // error=2
                }
                break;

            case 2:                    // databit & 1.stopbit first half
                dali_rx_bit_previous = dali_rx_bit;
                dali_status++;
                break;
        }
    }
}
```

```
        case 3:                // databit & 1.stopbit second half
            if ((dali_rx_bit!= dali_rx_bit_previous)&&
(dali_bit_cnt<16))
                {
                    if (dali_bit_cnt<8)
                        {
                            dali_8_bit=1;
                            dali_byte1=dali_byte1<<1;
                            if (dali_rx_bit)
                                dali_byte1|=0x01;
                        }
                    else
                        {
                            dali_8_bit=0;
                            dali_byte2=dali_byte2<<1;
                            if (dali_rx_bit)
                                dali_byte2|=0x01;
                        }
                    dali_bit_cnt++;
                    dali_status--;
                }
            else
                {
                    if ((dali_rx_bit)&(dali_rx_bit_previous))
                        // possible stop bit
                        {
                            if ((dali_bit_cnt ==8)|| (dali_bit_cnt==16))
                                {
                                    dali_status++;
                                }
                            else
                                dali_err = 3;// stop bit too early
                        }
                    else
                        {
                            dali_err = 4;    // stop bit not detected
                        }
                }
            break;

```

```
case 4:
    if (dali_rx_bit)
    {
        dali_bit_cnt++;
        if (dali_bit_cnt>1)
        {
            //receive completed
            dali_rx_status=0;
            dali_timer_start=0;
            dali_int_if = 0;
            dali_int_mk = 0;
            dali_data_received=1;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        dali_err = 4; // stop bit not detected
    }
    break;

default:
    dali_rx_status=0;
    dali_timer_start=0;
    dali_int_if = 0;
    dali_int_mk = 0;
    dali_err = 5; // not possible
    break;
}

if (dali_err!=0)
{
    //stop receive
    dali_rx_status=0;
    dali_timer_start=0;
    dali_int_if = 0;
    dali_int_mk = 0;
    dali_data_received=1;
}
}
```

```

if (dali_tx_status)
{
    switch (dali_status)
    {
        case 0:
            dali_tx=1;           // start-bit high level
            dali_status++;
            break;

        case 1:                   // first half of bit
            if (dali_bit_cnt<dali_send_cnt_max)
            {
                if(dali_bit_cnt<8)
                {
                    dali_tx=!((dali_byte1&0x80)>0);
                    dali_byte1=dali_byte1<<1;
                }
                else
                {
                    dali_tx=!((dali_byte2&0x80)>0);
                    dali_byte2=dali_byte2<<1;
                }
                dali_status++;
            }
            else
            {
                dali_tx=1; // 1. half of first stop bit
                dali_status=3;
                dali_bit_cnt = 0;
            }

            break;

        case 2:                   // second half of bit
            dali_tx =!dali_tx;
            dali_bit_cnt++;
            dali_status--;
            break;

        case 3:
            if (dali_bit_cnt++>3)// send 3 more high levels for stop bit
            {
                dali_tx_status=0;
                dali_timer_start=0;
                dali_int_if = 0;
                dali_int_mk = 0;
            }
            break;

        default:
            dali_tx_status=0;
            dali_timer_start=0;
            dali_int_if = 0;
            dali_int_mk = 0;
            break;           // normally not possible
    }
}

```

```
    }

    if (!dali_rx)                // signal inverted by optocoupler
    {
        dali_signal_loss_cnt=0;
    }
    else
        if (dali_signal_loss_cnt++>1201)//1201 *416 us = 500 ms
        {
            dali_signal_loss_cnt=0;
            dali_err = 2;        // low signal was too long, dali error = 2
        }
    }

void dali_init(void)
{
    dali_int_pullup = 1;
    dali_int_dirhigh = 1;
    dali_int_dirlow = 0;
    dali_tx = 1;
    dali_txdir = 0;
    dali_rx = 1;
    dali_rxdir = 1;
    dali_timer_compare = dali_timer_start_tick;
    dali_timer_clocksel = dali_timer_prescaler;
    dali_timer_control = dali_timer_initvalue;
    dali_tx_status = 0;
    dali_rx_status = 0;
    dali_data_received=0;
    dali_timer_if = 0;
    dali_timer_mk = 1;
    dali_int_if = 0;
    dali_int_mk = 0;
    dali_signal_loss_cnt = 0;
    if (dali_rx)                // signal inverted by opto coupler
    {
        dali_timer_compare = dali_timer_tick;
        dali_timer_start = 1;
        dali_timer_mk = 0;
    }
}
```

```
void dali_send (unsigned char addr, unsigned char data, unsigned char twobyte)
{
    if (twobyte==1)
    {
        dali_bytel=addr;
        dali_byte2=data;
        dali_send_cnt_max = 16;
    }
    else
    {
        dali_bytel=data;
        dali_send_cnt_max = 8;
    }
    dali_status = 0;
    dali_bit_cnt = 0;
    dali_tx_status = 1;
    dali_rx_status = 0;
    dali_timer_compare=dali_timer_tick;
    dali_tx=0;
    dali_timer_if = 0;
    dali_timer_mk = 0;
    dali_int_if = 0;
    dali_int_mk = 1;
    dali_timer_start=1;
}
```

5.5 dali_cmd.h

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = dali_cmd.h
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 27.01.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: header-file for dali commands
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78014x
**                Assembler:    A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:        XLINK           Version
**
** =====
** By:            NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, CES
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

// direct control commands
#define OFF 0x00
#define UP 0x01
#define DOWN 0x02
#define STEPUP 0x03
#define STEPDOWN 0x04
#define SET_MAX_LEVEL 0x05
#define SET_MIN_LEVEL 0x06
#define DOWN_AND_OFF 0x07
#define ON_AND_UP 0x08
#define SELECT_SCENE 0x10          // -0x1F
#define RESET 0x20

// parameters settings
#define STO_VALUE_IN_DTR 0x21          // 0x22-0x29 reserved
#define STO_DTR_MAX_LEVEL 0x2A
#define STO_DTR_MIN_LEVEL 0x2B
#define STO_DTR_SYS_FAIL_LEVEL 0x2C
#define STO_DTR_PWR_ON_LEVEL 0x2D
#define STO_DTR_FADE_TIME 0x2E
#define STO_DTR_FADE_RATE 0x2F       // 0x30 - 0x3F reserved
#define STO_DTR_SCENE 0x40           // - 0x4F
#define REM_FROM_SCENE 0x50          // -0x5F
#define ADD_TO_GROUP 0x60            // -0x6F
#define REM_FROM_GROUP 0x70          // -0x7F
#define STO_DTR_SHRT_ADDR 0x80       // 0x81 - 0x8F reserved

```

```
// status requests
#define QUY_STATUS 0x90
#define QUY_COMMUNICATE 0x91
#define QUY_LAMP_FAIL 0x92
#define QUY_LAMP_PWR_ON 0x93
#define QUY_LIMIT_ERROR 0x94
#define QUY_RESET_STATE 0x95
#define QUY_MISS_SHRT_ADDR 0x96
#define QUY_VERS_NR 0x97
#define QUY_CONTENT_DTR 0x98
#define QUY_DEVICE_TYPE 0x99
#define QUY_PHYS_MIN_LEVEL 0x9A
#define QUY_PWR_FAIL 0x9B // 0x9C - 0x9F reserved

// Queries related to arc power parameters settings
#define QUY_ACT_LEVEL 0xA0
#define QUY_MAX_LEVEL 0xA1
#define QUY_MIN_LEVEL 0xA2
#define QUY_PWR_ON_LEVEL 0xA3
#define QUY_SYS_FAIL_LEVEL 0xA4
#define QUY_FADE 0xA5 // 0xA6 - 0xAF

// Queries related to system parameters settings
#define QUY_SCENE_LEVEL 0xB0 // -0xBF
#define QUY_GROUP_0_7 0xC0
#define QUY_GROUP_8_15 0xC1
#define QUY_rnd_ADDR_H 0xC2
#define QUY_rnd_ADDR_M 0xC3
#define QUY_rnd_ADDR_L 0xC4 // 0xC5 - 0xDF reserved

// 0xE0 - 0xFF system specific extended commands

// Terminate special processes
#define TERMINATE 0xA1
// Download information to the dtr
#define DATA_TRANSFER_REGISTER 0xA3

// Addressing commands
#define INIT 0xA5
#define GEN_RND 0xA7
#define COMPARE 0xA9
#define WITHDRAW 0xAB
#define SEARCHADDRH 0xB1
#define SEARCHADDRM 0xB3
#define SEARCHADDRL 0xB5
#define PRG_SHRT_ADDR 0xB7
#define VRF_SHRT_ADDR 0xB9
#define QUY_SHRT_ADDR 0xBB
#define USE_PHYS_SELECT 0xBD
```

5.6 light.c

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = light.c
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 7.06.2004
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: Dali-Demo
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78014x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000        Version
**                Linker:        XLINK           Version
**
** =====
** By:           NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastrasse 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, EAD-TPS
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

/* =====
** pragma
** =====
*/
#pragma language = extended

/* =====
** include
** =====
*/
#include <in78000.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "DF0148.h"
#include "dali_cmd.h"

#define eeprom 0xF400 // ram address for eeprom mirror

#define true 1
#define false 0

#define ntd 0 // nothing to do
#define init 1 // init state
#define fade 2 // lamp in fade-mode

```

Chapter 5 DALI Source Code Files

```
// dali parameters

#define act_dim_level 0 // ram offset address for actual dim value (254)
#define pwr_on_level 1 // eeprom offset address for power-on value (254)
#define sys_fail_level 2 // eeprom offset address for system failure
// value (254)
#define min_level 3 // eeprom offset address for minimum level value
// (physical min. value)
#define max_level 4 // eeprom offset address for maximum level value
// (physical max. value)
#define fade_rate 5 // eeprom offset address for fade rate value (7)
#define fade_time 6 // eeprom offset address for fade time value
// (0\no change)
#define shrt_addr 7 // eeprom offset address for short address
// (no change)
#define rnd_addr_h 8 // eeprom offset address for random address
// high(255)
#define rnd_addr_m 9 // eeprom offset address for random address
// mid (255)
#define rnd_addr_l 10 // eeprom offset address for random address
// low (255)
#define group_0_7 11 // eeprom offset address for group 0-7 (0)
#define group_8_15 12 // eeprom offset address for group 8-15 (0)
#define scene_0_15 13 // -28 eeprom offset address + array offset for
// 16 values scene 0-15 (255)
#define version 0x00 // 0x version number / subversion
#define phys_min_level 1 // min. phys. level

// Table for dimming light level values
static const unsigned int dt_light_value[255] =
    {0, 0, 2, 4, 6, 9, 14, 18, 36, 41, 46, 47, 47, 48, 48, 50, 53, 56, 58,
    68, 69, 69, 70, 73, 77, 80, 81, 81, 82, 84, 86, 88, 91, 94, 98, 102, 106,
    111, 116, 120, 124, 128, 133, 138, 143, 148, 152, 156, 160, 164, 169, 174,
    178, 182, 186, 190, 194, 197, 200, 202, 209, 216, 222, 228,238, 248, 250,
    253, 271, 279, 285, 301, 309, 317, 323, 333, 349, 363, 371, 378, 387, 399,
    411, 419, 427, 449, 453, 463, 470, 478, 495, 508, 528, 543, 556, 677, 702,
    730, 752, 766, 801, 823, 855, 889, 923, 957, 975, 1011, 1030, 1068, 1110,
    1146, 1184, 1228, 1266, 1305, 1361, 1397, 1443, 1491, 1550, 1604, 1654,
    1714, 1766, 1817, 1883, 1949, 2011, 2041, 2106, 2182, 2261, 2321, 2413,
    2485, 2555, 2658, 2740, 2817, 2911, 3001, 3090, 3190, 3290, 3383, 3489,
    3606, 3718, 3822, 3945, 4056, 4180, 4318, 4440, 4578, 4714, 4853, 4991,
    5138, 5301, 5457, 5611, 5763, 5912, 6087, 6270, 6442, 6624, 6789, 6998,
    7200, 7414, 7633, 7852, 8035, 8297, 8547, 8768, 8998, 9227, 9537, 9793,
    10075, 10370, 10677, 10988, 11294, 11629, 11943, 12275, 12621, 12984, 13369,
    13749, 14126, 14536, 14931, 15363, 5773, 16213, 16664, 17129, 17592, 18074,
    18586, 19120, 19608, 20144, 20725, 21305, 21891, 22497, 23146, 23706, 24391,
    25048, 25743, 26467, 27124, 27875, 28657, 29430, 30234, 31053, 32087, 32760,
    33676, 34482, 35465, 36421, 36954, 37480, 38960, 39452, 40555, 41167, 42451,
    43543,45091, 47300, 48518, 49978, 51373, 52730, 54058, 55501, 57295, 59218,
    59510, 61415, 62695, 63945, 64725};
```

Chapter 5 DALI Source Code Files

```
// Number of timer ticks for each fade time
static const unsigned int fade_tick[16] =
    {0, 43, 61, 86, 122, 172, 244, 345, 488, 690, 976, 1376, 1953, 2762,
    3906, 5524};

// Number of level steps during 200 ms
static const unsigned char fade_step[16] =
    {0, 72, 51, 36, 25, 18, 13, 9, 6, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1};

typedef struct
    {
    unsigned char l;
    unsigned char m;
    unsigned char h;
    } characters;

typedef union
    {
    unsigned long l;
    characters b;
    } bit 24;

extern saddr unsigned char addr, data;

saddr unsigned int tm_meas, tm_rpt, tm_adr, tm_state;
saddr unsigned char l_state, dtr, level, search_addr_h, search_addr_m,
search_addr_l;
saddr unsigned char l_fadelevel_start, l_fadelevel_end, fade_diff;
saddr unsigned int l_fade_total;
saddr unsigned char rpt_addr, rpt_data;
saddr unsigned int rnd_cnt;
saddr unsigned withdraw;
saddr unsigned selection;

saddr unsigned char pwmcnt = 0, pwmcnt_value=0;

saddr unsigned long eep_upd_flag;

bit power_failure, limit_error;

bit data_to_transmit;
bit new_fade_data;

saddr unsigned char test, test1;

extern void WR_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr, unsigned char eep_data);
extern unsigned char RD_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr);
extern unsigned char CHK_EEP (void);
extern void Print_String (char *s);
```

```
void init_timer(void);
unsigned char reepr (unsigned char offset);
void wrepr (unsigned char offset, unsigned char data);
void light_init(void);
void l_set level (unsigned char value);
void light_init_eepr(void);
void init_PWM_module(void);
void exec_norm void);
void exec_spec(void);

interrupt [INTTMH0_vect] void timerH0(void)
{
    if (pwmcnt==255)
        pwmcnt=0;
    if (pwmcnt>=pwmcnt_value)
        CMP10 = test;
    else
        CMP10 = test1;
    pwmcnt++;
}

interrupt [INTWTI_vect] void timer(void)
{
    unsigned char diff, nf_level;
    static unsigned int tm_l_fadelevel_start, tm_l_fadelevel_end,
    tm_l_fade_total, tm_fade_diff;

    WTIMK = 1; // disable WTI interrupt
    _EI();

    rnd_cnt++; // random counter for address
    if (tm_meas!=0) tm_meas--;
    if (tm_rpt!=0) tm_rpt--;
    if (tm_adr!=0) tm_adr--;
    switch (l_state)
    {
        case ntd: // nothing to do
            break;

        case init: // init the light
            tm_state--;
            if (tm_state==0)
            {
                l_state = ntd;
                l_setlevel(reepr(pwr_on_level));
            }
            break;
    }
}
```

```

case fade: // light is fading
    if (new_fade_data)
    {
        new_fade_data = 0;
        tm_l_fadelevel_start = l_fadelevel_start;
        tm_l_fadelevel_end = l_fadelevel_end;
        tm_l_fade_total = l_fade_total;
        tm_fade_diff = fade_diff;

    }

    tm_state--;
    if (tm_state==0)
    {
        l_state = ntd;
        if (tm_l_fadelevel_end==0)
            nf_level = 0;
    }
    diff = (unsigned long)(tm_fade_diff*(tm_l_fade_total-tm_state))/
    tm_l_fade_total;
    nf_level = (tm_l_fadelevel_start>tm_l_fadelevel_end)?
    tm_l_fadelevel_start-diff: tm_l_fadelevel_start+diff;
    if (nf_level!=reepr(act_dim_level))
        l_setlevel(nf_level);
    break;
}
_DI();
WTIMK = 0; // enable WTI interrupt
}

```

```

unsigned char reepr (unsigned char offset)
{
    return (*((unsigned char *) (eeprom+offset)));
}

void wrepr (unsigned char offset, unsigned char data)
{
    //WR_EEP (offset, data);

    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom+offset))=data;
    if (offset >0) // act_dim_level ram-only
    {
        eep_upd_flag |= 1<<offset;
    }
}

```

```

void l_setlevel(unsigned char value)
{
    limit_error = false;
    if (value>=1 && value<=254) // check limits
    {
        if (value<reepr(min_level))
        {
            limit_error = true;
            value = reepr(min_level);
        }
        if (reepr(max_level)<value)
        {
            limit_error = true;
            value = reepr(max_level);
        }
    }

    switch (value)
    {
        case 0: // lamp off
            P1.5 = 0;
            TMHMD0.0 = 0; // PWM-timer off output latch = 0
            wrepr(act_dim_level,0);
            break;

        case 254: // lamp on overrule PWM-output
            P1.5 = 1;
            wrepr(act_dim_level,254);
            break;

        case 255: // no action
            break;

        default: // values between
            pwmcnt_value=dt_light_value[value]%255;
            test = ((unsigned int)(dt_light_value[value]/255));
            test1=test+1;
            CMP10 = test;
            TMHMD0.0 = 1;
            P1.5 = 0;
            wrepr(act_dim_level,value);
            break;
    }
}

```

```

// Initialization
void light_init(void)
{
    unsigned char i;
    // Reset values that are not stored in flash
    power_failure = true;           // This is true until certain data has arrived
    limit_error = false;           // No error
    dtr = 0;
    level = 0;
    search_addr_h = 0xFF;
    search_addr_m = 0xFF;
    search_addr_l = 0xFF;
    // Initialize flash values if necessary
    if (reeptr(pwr_on_level)==255)// Check if eeprom has been written
    {
        // Write factory information into eeprom
        wrepr(shrt_addr,255);// No short address
        light_init_eepr();
    }
    for (i=1;i<=28;i++)
    {
        *((unsigned char *)(eeprom+i))= RD_EEP(i);
        // get values from eeprom
    }
    tm_rpt = 0;                    // Initialize when starting
    tm_adr = 0;                    // Initialize when starting
    // Start timer for initial lamp values
    tm_state= 36;                  // ~600 ms
    l_state = init;
    // Initialize the timer interface module
    init_timer();
    init_PWM_module();
}

void init_timer(void)
{
    WTM = 0x61;                    // enable watch interval timer with
    // 16.384ms @ 8MHz
    WTIIIF = 0;
    WTIMK = 0;                    // enable WTI interrupt
}

```

```
void light_init_eepr(void)
{
    unsigned char i;

    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(pwr_on_level, 254);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + pwr_on_level)) = 254;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(sys_fail_level, 254);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + sys_fail_level)) = 254;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(min_level, phys_min_level);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + min_level)) = phys_min_level;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(max_level, 254);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + max_level)) = 254;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(fade_rate, 7);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + fade_rate)) = 7;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    if (reep_r(shrt_addr) == 255)
    {
        WR_EEP(fade_time, 0);
        *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + fade_time)) = 0;
    }
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(rnd_addr_h, 255);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + rnd_addr_h)) = 255;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(rnd_addr_m, 255);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + rnd_addr_m)) = 255;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(rnd_addr_l, 255);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + rnd_addr_l)) = 255;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(group_0_7, 0);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + group_0_7)) = 0;
    while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
    WR_EEP(group_8_15, 0);
    *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + group_8_15)) = 0;

    for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
    {
        while ((CHK_EEP() & 01) == 01);
        WR_EEP(scene_0_15 + i, 255);
        *((unsigned char *) (eeprom + scene_0_15 + i)) = 255;
    }
}
```

```

void init_PWM_module(void)
{
    PM5.0 = 1;
    P1.5 = 0;
    PM1.5 = 0;
    CMP00 = 0xFF;
    CMP10 = reepr(pwr_on_level);
    wrepr(act_dim_level, reepr(pwr_on_level));
    TMHMD0 = 0x19; // PWM H0 with fx/16 low-level output enable
    TMHE0 = 1; // Start PWM H0
    TMIFH0 = 0;
    TMMKH0 = 0;
}

// Start dimming using the fade time
static void l_StartDimFadeTime (unsigned char value)
{
    if (value!=255) // Not mask
    {
        if (reepr(fade_time)==0) // No fade
        {
            l_set_level (value);
            l_state = ntd;
        }
        else // Fade with fade time
        {
            l_fadelevel_start = reepr (act_dim_level);
            l_fadelevel_end = value;
            fade_diff = (l_fadelevel_start>l_fadelevel_end)?
l_fadelevel_start-l_fadelevel_end: l_fadelevel_end-l_fadelevel_start;

            l_fade_total = fade_tick[reepr(fade_time)];
            tm_state = l_fade_total;
            l_state = fade;
            new_fade_data = 1;
        }
    }
}

// Set the light to failure level
void set_l_f_level(void)
{
    l_state = ntd;
    l_setlevel(reepr(sys_fail_level));
}

```

```

unsigned char l_fail_test (void)
{
    unsigned int temp_AD;
    unsigned char temp_act_dim_level;
    ADM = 0x29; // conversion time 120/fx, A/D reference on
    ADS = 0x00; // select channel 0
    temp_act_dim_level = reepr(act_dim_level);
    l_setlevel(reepr(max_level)); //
    // tm_meas = 3;
    // while (tm_meas!=0) _NOP();
    ADIF = 0;
    ADCS = 1;
    while (!ADIF);
    temp_AD = ADCR>>6;
    ADM = 0x28; // stop AD-conversion
    l_setlevel(temp_act_dim_level);
    return (temp_AD>5)? false:true;
}

// Handles new data
void Process_data(void)
{
    unsigned int group;
    if ((addr & 0xE1)!=0xA1 && (addr & 0xE1)!=0xC1 && (addr & 0xFE)!=0xFE) /
/ no special data or broadcast message
    {
        if ((addr & 0xE0)==0x80) // check Group address
        {
            group = reepr(group_8_15)<<8 | reepr(group_0_7);
            if ((group>>((addr & 0x1E)>>1) & 0x01)==0)
                return; // Not in this group
        }
        if ((addr & 0x80)==0x00) // check Short address
        {
            if (((addr & 0x7E)>>1)!=reepr(shrt_addr))
                return; // no short address match
        }
    }

    // Message execution
    // Check for special data which must be repeated in 100 ms
    if (tm_rpt!=0)
    {
        if (addr!=rpt_addr || data!=rpt_data)
        {
            tm_rpt = 0; // Ignore message and clear repeat timer
            return;
        }
    }

    if ((addr & 0x01)==0) // check direct arc power control command
    {
        power_failure = false;
        l_StartDimFadeTime(data);
        return;
    }
}

```

Chapter 5 DALI Source Code Files

```
if ((addr & 0xE0)==0xA0 || (addr & 0xE0)==0xC0)
    // Check for special commands
    {
        if (addr==INIT || addr==GEN_RND)
            // These commands shall be repeated
            {
                if (tm_rpt==0)
                    {
                        rpt_addr = addr;
                        rpt_data = data;
                        tm_rpt = 6;// 100 ms
                        return;
                    }
            }
    }
else
    {
        if (data>=0x20 && data<=0x80)
            // These commands has to be repeated
            {
                if (tm_rpt==0)
                    {
                        rpt_addr = addr;
                        rpt_data = data;
                        tm_rpt = 6;// 100 ms
                        return;
                    }
            }
    }
tm_rpt = 0;

if ((addr & 0xE0)==0xA0 || (addr & 0xE0)==0xC0)
    // Check for special commands
    exec_spec();
else
    exec_norm();
}
```

```

void exec_norm(void) // Normal commands
{
    switch (data)
    {
        case OFF:
            Print_String ("OFF");
            Print_String ("\n");
            power_failure = false;
            l_setlevel(0);
            l_state = ntd;
            break;

        case UP:
            Print_String ("UP");
            Print_String ("\n");
            if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0 && reepr(act_dim_level)!=reepr(max_level))
            {
                l_fadelevel_start = reepr(act_dim_level);
                if (fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)]>(reepr(max_level)-
reepr(act_dim_level)))
                {
                    l_fadelevel_end = reepr(max_level);
                    l_fade_total = (unsigned int)(reepr(max_level)-
reepr(act_dim_level))*12/fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)];
                    // No of ms until MAX_LEVEL is
                    // reached
                }
                else
                {
                    l_fadelevel_end = reepr(act_dim_level) +
fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)];
                    l_fade_total = 12;// 200 ms
                }
                fade_diff = (l_fadelevel_start>l_fadelevel_end)?
l_fadelevel_start-l_fadelevel_end:l_fadelevel_end-l_fadelevel_start;
                tm_state = l_fade_total;
                l_state = fade;
                new_fade_data = 1;
            }
            break;
    }
}

```

```

case DOWN:
    Print_String ("Down");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0 && reepr(act_dim_level)!=
reepr(min_level))
        {
            l_fadelevel_start = reepr(act_dim_level);
            if (fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)]>(reepr(act_dim_level)-
reepr(min_level)))
                {
                    l_fadelevel_end = reepr(min_level);
                    l_fade_total = (unsigned int)(reepr(act_dim_level)-
reepr(min_level))*12/fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)];
                                                    // No of ms until MAX_LEVEL is
                                                    // reached
                }
            else
                {
                    l_fadelevel_end = reepr(act_dim_level)-
fade_step[reepr(fade_rate)];
                    l_fade_total = 12;// 200 ms
                }
            fade_diff = (l_fadelevel_start>l_fadelevel_end)?
l_fadelevel_start-l_fadelevel_end: l_fadelevel_end-l_fadelevel_start;
            tm_state = l_fade_total;
            l_state = fade;
            new_fade_data = 1;
        }
    break;

case STEPUP:
    Print_String ("Step-Up");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0 && reepr(act_dim_level)!=
reepr(max_level))
        {
            l_setlevel(reepr(act_dim_level)+1);
            l_state = ntd;
        }
    break;

case STEPDOWN:
    Print_String ("StepDown");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0 && reepr(act_dim_level)!=
reepr(min_level))
        {
            l_setlevel(reepr(act_dim_level)-1);
            l_state = ntd;
        }
    break;

case SET_MAX_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("SetMax");
    Print_String ("\n");
    power_failure = false;
    l_setlevel(reepr(max_level));
    l_state = ntd;

```

```
break;

case SET_MIN_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("SetMin");
    Print_String ("\n");
    power_failure = false;
    l_set_level (reepr(min_level));
    l_state = ntd;
    break;

case DOWN_AND_OFF:
    Print_String ("Down_OFF");
    Print_String ("\n");
    power_failure = false;
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0)
        {
            if (reepr(act_dim_level)==reepr(min_level))
                l_setlevel(0);
            else
                l_setlevel(reepr(act_dim_level)-1);
            l_state = ntd;
        }
    break;

case ON_AND_UP:
    Print_String ("ON_UP");
    Print_String ("\n");
    power_failure = false;
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=reepr(max_level))
        {
            if (reepr(act_dim_level)==0)
                l_set_level (reepr(min_level));
            else
                l_setlevel(reepr(act_dim_level)+1);
            l_state = ntd;
        }
    break;

case RESET:
    Print_String ("Reset");
    Print_String ("\n");
    search_addr_h = 0xFF;
    search_addr_m = 0xFF;
    search_addr_l = 0xFF;
    light_init_eepr();
    l_setlevel(254);
    l_state = ntd;
    break;

case STO_VALUE_IN_DTR:
    Print_String ("Sto_DTR");
    Print_String ("\n");
    dtr = reepr(act_dim_level);
    break;
```

```
case STO_DTR_MAX_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("Sto_MAX");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (dtr>=reepr(min_level) && dtr<=254)
        wrepr(max_level, dtr);
    break;

case STO_DTR_MIN_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("Sto_MIN");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (dtr>=phys_min_level && dtr<=reepr(max_level))
        wrepr(min_level, dtr);
    break;

case STO_DTR_SYS_FAIL_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("Sto_SysF");
    Print_String ("\n");
    wrepr (sys_fail_level, dtr);
    break;

case STO_DTR_PWR_ON_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("Pwr_ON");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (dtr>=1 && dtr<=254)
        wrepr(pwr_on_level, dtr);
    break;

case STO_DTR_FADE_TIME:
    Print_String ("Sto_Fadetime");
    Print_String ("\n");
    wrepr (fade_time, dtr & 0x0F);
    break;

case STO_DTR_FADE_RATE:
    Print_String ("Sto_Faderate");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (dtr & 0x0F)
        wrepr (fade_rate, dtr & 0x0F);
    break;

case STO_DTR_SHRT_ADDR:
    Print_String ("Sto_SADDR");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (dtr==255)
        wrepr (shrt_addr, 255);
    else
        if (((dtr & 0x7E)>>1)<=63)
            wrepr (shrt_addr, (dtr & 0x7E)>>1);
    break;
```

```
case QUY_STATUS:
    Print_String ("?Stat");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = 0x00;
    if (l_fail_test()==true)
        data |= 0x02;
    if ((reepr(act_dim_level))!=0)
        data |= 0x04;
    if (limit_error==true)
        data |= 0x08;
    if (l_state==fade)
        data |= 0x10;
    if (l_state==init)
        data |= 0x20;
    if (reepr(shrt_addr)==255)
        data |= 0x40;
    if (power_failure==true)
        data |= 0x80;
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_COMMUNICATE:
    Print_String ("?Comm");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = 0xFF; // YES
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_LAMP_FAIL:
    Print_String ("?lfail");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (l_fail_test()==true)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;

case QUY_LAMP_PWR_ON:
    Print_String ("?lpwr");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reepr(act_dim_level)!=0)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;

case QUY_LIMIT_ERROR:
    Print_String ("?limit");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (limit_error==true)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;
```

```
case QUY_RESET_STATE:
    Print_String ("?Reset");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (l_state==init)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;

case QUY_MISS_SHRT_ADDR:
    Print_String ("?miss_saddr");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reeptr(shrt_addr)==255)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;

case QUY_VERS_NR:
    Print_String ("?Ver");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = version;
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_CONTENT_DTR:
    Print_String ("?DTR");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = dtr;
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_DEVICE_TYPE:
    Print_String ("?DEV");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = 0;
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_PHYS_MIN_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Minlevel");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = phys_min_level;
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_PWR_FAIL:
    Print_String ("?PWR_fail");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (power_failure==true)
        {
            data = 0xFF; // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;
```

```
case QUY_ACT_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Act_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(act_dim_level);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_MAX_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Max_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(max_level);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_MIN_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Min_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(min_level);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_PWR_ON_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?PWRON_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(pwr_on_level);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_SYS_FAIL_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Sysfail_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(sys_fail_level);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_FADE:
    Print_String ("?Fade");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(fade_time)<<4 | reepr(fade_rate);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_GROUP_0_7:
    Print_String ("?GR 0-7");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(group_0_7);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_GROUP_8_15:
    Print_String ("?GR 8-15");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr(group_8_15);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;
```

```
case QUY_rnd_ADDR_H:
    Print_String ("?rnad_h");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr (rnd_addr_h);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_rnd_ADDR_M:
    Print_String ("?rnad_m");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr (rnd_addr_m);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

case QUY_rnd_ADDR_L:
    Print_String ("?rnad_l");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepr (rnd_addr_l);
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

default:
    break;
}
switch (data & 0xF0)
{
case SELECT_SCENE:
    Print_String ("Sel_Scene");
    Print_String ("\n");
    power_failure = false;
    l_StartDimFadeTime(reepr(scene_0_15+(data & 0x0F)));
    break;

case STO_DTR_SCENE:
    Print_String ("Sto_Scene");
    Print_String ("\n");
    wrepr(scene_0_15+(data & 0x0F), dtr);
    break;

case REM_FROM_SCENE:
    Print_String ("Rem_Scene");
    Print_String ("\n");
    wrepr(scene_0_15+(data & 0x0F), 255);
    break;

case ADD_TO_GROUP:
    Print_String ("Add_Gr.");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if ((data & 0x0F)<=7)
        wrepr(group_0_7,(reepr(group_0_7)|(1<<(data & 0x0F))));
    else
        wrepr(group_8_15,(reepr(group_8_15) | (1<<((data & 0x0F)-8))));
    break;
```

```
case REM_FROM_GROUP:
    Print_String ("Rem_Gr.");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if ((data & 0x0F) <= 7)
        wrepr(group_0_7, (reepre(group_0_7) & ~(1<<(data & 0x0F))));
    else
        wrepr(group_8_15, (reepre(group_8_15) & ~(1<<((data & 0x0F)-8))));
    break;

case QUY_SCENE_LEVEL:
    Print_String ("?Scene_lev");
    Print_String ("\n");
    data = reepre(scene_0_15+(data & 0x0F));
    data_to_transmit = true;
    break;

default:
    break;
}
}

void exec_spec(void)
{
    unsigned char uc_help;
    bit24 rnd_addr;
    bit24 srch_addr;
    // Special data
    if (addr >= 0xA7 && addr <= 0xBD && tm_adr == 0)
        // Not a valid data until INIT has been executed
        return;

    switch (addr)
    {

    case TERMINATE:
        Print_String ("Terminate");
        Print_String ("\n");
        tm_adr = 0;
        withdraw = false;
        selection = false;
        break;

    case DATA_TRANSFER_REGISTER:
        Print_String ("Lo_data");
        Print_String ("\n");
        dtr = data;
        break;
    }
}
```

```
case INIT:
    Print_String ("Init");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (data==0x00 || ((data & 0x7E)>>1)==reepre(shrt_addr) ||
(data==0xFF && (reepre(shrt_addr)==0xFF)))
    {
        tm_addr    = 54931;        // Accept addressing data for the
                                   // next 15 minutes

        withdraw = false;
        selection = false;
    }
    break;

case GEN_RND:
    Print_String ("Gen_Rnd");
    Print_String ("\n");
    srand (rnd_cnt);
    uc_help=rand();
    wrepre(rnd_addr_h, uc_help); // store high address
    srand (rnd_cnt+uc_help);
    uc_help=rand();
    wrepre(rnd_addr_m, uc_help); // store mid address
    srand (rnd_cnt+uc_help);
    uc_help=rand();
    wrepre(rnd_addr_l, uc_help); // store low address
    break;

case COMPARE:
    Print_String ("Comp");
    Print_String ("\n");
    rnd_addr.b.h = reepre (rnd_addr_h);
    rnd_addr.b.m = reepre (rnd_addr_m);
    rnd_addr.b.l = reepre (rnd_addr_l);

    srch_addr.b.h = search_addr_h;
    srch_addr.b.m = search_addr_m;
    srch_addr.b.l = search_addr_l;
    // if (rnd_addr.l!=srch_addr.l || withdraw==false)
    // {
    if ((rnd_addr.l<=srch_addr.l)&&(withdraw==false))
    {
        data = 0xFF;        // YES
        data_to_transmit = true;
    }
    // }
    break;
```

```
case WITHDRAW:
    Print_String ("Withdr.");
    Print_String ("\n");
    rnd_addr.b.h = reepr (rnd_addr_h);
    rnd_addr.b.m = reepr (rnd_addr_m);
    rnd_addr.b.l = reepr (rnd_addr_l);

    srch_addr.b.h = search_addr_h;
    srch_addr.b.m = search_addr_m;
    srch_addr.b.l = search_addr_l;
    if (rnd_addr.l==srch_addr.l)
        withdraw = true;
    break;

case SEARCHADDRH:
    Print_String ("Search_H");
    Print_String ("\n");
    search_addr_h = data;
    break;

case SEARCHADDRM:
    Print_String ("Search_M");
    Print_String ("\n");
    search_addr_m = data;
    break;

case SEARCHADDRL:
    Print_String ("Search_L");
    Print_String ("\n");
    search_addr_l = data;
    break;
```

```

case PRG_SHRT_ADDR:
    Print_String ("Prg_Saddr");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (selection==true)
        {
            if (l_fail_test()==true)
                {
                    if (data==255)
                        wrepr (shrt_addr, 255);
                    else
                        {
                            if (((data & 0x7E)>>1)<=63)
                                wrepr (shrt_addr, (data & 0x7E)>>1);
                        }
                }
        }
    else
        {
            rnd_addr.b.h = reepr (rnd_addr_h);
            rnd_addr.b.m = reepr (rnd_addr_m);
            rnd_addr.b.l = reepr (rnd_addr_l);
            srch_addr.b.h= search_addr_h;
            srch_addr.b.m= search_addr_m;
            srch_addr.b.l= search_addr_l;
            if ((rnd_addr.l==srch_addr.l)&&(withdraw==false))
                {
                    if (data==255)
                        wrepr (shrt_addr, 255);
                    else
                        {
                            if (((data & 0x7E)>>1)<=63)
                                wrepr (shrt_addr, (data & 0x7E)>>1);
                        }
                }
        }
    break;

case VRF_SHRT_ADDR:
    Print_String ("Vrf_Saddr");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (reepr (shrt_addr)==((data & 0x7E)>>1))
        {
            data = 0xFF;        // YES
            data_to_transmit = true;
        }
    break;

```

```
case QUY_SHRT_ADDR:
    Print_String ("?Saddr");
    Print_String ("\n");
    if (selection==true)
        {
            if (l_fail_test()==true)
                {
                    data = (reopr(shrt_addr)<<1)|0x01;
                    data_to_transmit = true;
                }
        }
    else
        {
            rnd_addr.b.h = reopr (rnd_addr_h);
            rnd_addr.b.m = reopr (rnd_addr_m);
            rnd_addr.b.l = reopr (rnd_addr_l);
            srch_addr.b.h= search_addr_h;
            srch_addr.b.m= search_addr_m;
            srch_addr.b.l= search_addr_l;
            if (rnd_addr.l== srch_addr.l)
                {
                    data = (reopr(shrt_addr)<<1)|0x01;
                    data_to_transmit = true;
                }
        }
    break;

case USE_PHYS_SELECT:
    Print_String ("Phy_Sel");
    Print_String ("\n");
    selection = true;
    break;

default:
    break;
}
}
```

5.7 main.c

```

/* =====
** PROJECT      = dalidemo
** MODULE       = main.c
** VERSION      = 0.0
** DATE        = 29.01.2002
** LAST CHANGE =
** =====
** Description: dali-demo
**
** =====
** Environment: Device:          uPD78010x
**                Assembler:     A78000          Version
**                C-Compiler:    ICC78000       Version
**                Linker:         XLINK          Version
**
** =====
** By:           NEC Electronics (Europe) GmbH
**                Arcadiastr. 10
**                D-40472 Duesseldorf
**
**                Ingo Scalabrin, NEC-EE, CES-TPS
** =====
Changes:
** =====
*/

/* =====
** pragma
** =====
*/
#pragma language = extended

/* =====
** include
** =====
*/
#include <in78000.h>
#include "DF0148.h"

extern void hwinit(void);
extern void rs232_init(void);
extern void Print_String (char *s);
extern void dali_init(void);
extern void light_init(void);
extern void Process_data(void);
extern void dali_send (unsigned char addr, unsigned char data, unsigned char
twobyte);
extern void init_csi(void);

extern saddr unsigned char dali_byte1,dali_byte2; // receive buffer
extern saddr unsigned char dali_err;           // error message
extern bit dali_data_received,dali_8_bit;      // dali status flags

extern void WR_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr, unsigned char eep_data);
extern unsigned char RD_EEP (unsigned int eep_addr);

```

Chapter 5 DALI Source Code Files

```
extern unsigned char CHK_EEP (void);
extern unsigned char reepr (unsigned char offset);
extern saddr unsigned long eep_upd_flag;

extern void bytetochar (unsigned char vari);
extern bit data_to_transmit; // flag, if answer is required

saddr unsigned char s[4],addr,data;
saddr unsigned char dali_channel;

void main(void)
{
    unsigned char i;

    _DI(); // interrupt disable
    hwinit (); // peripheral settings
    _EI(); // interrupt enable
    rs232_init();
    init_csi();
    dali_init();
    light_init();

    Print_String ("Dali_Test V1.0 \n");

    while(1) // endless loop - main loop
    {
        if (dali_data_received)
        {
            if (!dali_8_bit)
            {
                addr = dali_byte1;
                data = dali_byte2;
                Print_String ("Addr: ");
                bytetochar (addr);
                Print_String (s);
                Print_String ("\n");
                Print_String ("Data: ");
                bytetochar (data);
                Print_String (s);
                Print_String ("\n");
                Process_data();
            }
            else
            {
                // Answer from other slave
                data = dali_byte1;
                dali_data_received = 0;
                Print_String ("Answ: ");
                bytetochar (data);
                Print_String (s);
                Print_String ("\n");
            }
            dali_data_received = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

```
if (data_to_transmit)
{
    Print_String ("MyAnsw: ");
    bytetochar (data);
    Print_String (s);
    Print_String ("\n");
    dali_send(0,data,0);
    data_to_transmit = 0;
}

if (dali_err!=0)
{
    Print_String ("Error: ");
    bytetochar (dali_err);
    Print_String (s);
    Print_String ("\n");
    dali_err=0;
}

if (eep_upd_flag>0)
    if ((CHK_EEP() & 01) != 01)
        {
            for(i=1;i<=28;i++)
                {
                    if ((eep_upd_flag & (1<<i))>0)
                        {
                            eep_upd_flag &= ~(1<<i);
                            WR_EEP (i,repr(i));
                            break;
                        }
                }
        }
}
}
```

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